FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 600

92ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Tax Policy March 13, 2003, with recommendation that the House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 600 Do Pass.

Taken up for Perfection March 17, 2003. House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 600 ordered Perfected and printed, as amended.

STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

1980L.03P

AN ACT

To repeal sections 34.040, 143.124, 143.181, 143.225, 143.782, 144.025, and 144.081, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to collection efficiencies of the department of revenue, with an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 34.040, 143.124, 143.181, 143.225, 143.782, 144.025, and 144.081,

- 2 RSMo, are repealed and eleven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 34.040, 143.124, 143.181, 143.225, 143.782, 144.025, 144.081, 488.5028, 1, 2, and 3, to read
- 4 as follows:
- 34.040. 1. All purchases in excess of three thousand dollars shall be based on competitive bids, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.
- 2. On any purchase where the estimated expenditure shall be twenty-five thousand dollars or over, except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, the commissioner of administration shall:
- (1) Advertise for bids in at least two daily newspapers of general circulation in such places as are most likely to reach prospective bidders and may advertise in at least two weekly minority newspapers and may provide such information through an electronic medium available to the general public at least five days before hids for such purchases are to be opened. Other
- 9 to the general public at least five days before bids for such purchases are to be opened. Other

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law. Matter in boldface type in the above law is proposed language.

methods of advertisement, which may include minority business purchase councils, however, may be adopted by the commissioner of administration when such other methods are deemed more advantageous for the supplies to be purchased;

- (2) Post a notice of the proposed purchase in his or her office; and
- (3) Solicit bids by mail or other reasonable method generally available to the public from prospective suppliers. All bids for such supplies shall be mailed or delivered to the office of the commissioner of administration so as to reach such office before the time set for opening bids.
- 3. The contract shall be let to the lowest and best bidder. The commissioner of administration shall have the right to reject any or all bids and advertise for new bids, or purchase the required supplies on the open market if they can be so purchased at a better price. When bids received pursuant to this section are unreasonable or unacceptable as to terms and conditions, noncompetitive, or the low bid exceeds available funds and it is determined in writing by the commissioner of administration that time or other circumstances will not permit the delay required to resolicit competitive bids, a contract may be negotiated pursuant to this section, provided that each responsible bidder who submitted such bid under the original solicitation is notified of the determination and is given a reasonable opportunity to modify their bid and submit a best and final bid to the state. In cases where the bids received are noncompetitive or the low bid exceeds available funds, the negotiated price shall be lower than the lowest rejected bid of any responsible bidder under the original solicitation.
- 4. All bids shall be based on standard specifications wherever such specifications have been approved by the commissioner of administration. The commissioner of administration shall make rules governing the delivery, inspection, storage and distribution of all supplies so purchased and governing the manner in which all claims for supplies delivered shall be submitted, examined, approved and paid. The commissioner shall determine the amount of bond or deposit and the character thereof which shall accompany bids or contracts.
- 5. The department of natural resources may, without the approval of the commissioner of administration required pursuant to this section, enter into contracts of up to five hundred thousand dollars to abate illegal waste tire sites pursuant to section 260.276, RSMo, when the director of the department determines that urgent action is needed to protect public health, safety, natural resources or the environment. The department shall follow bidding procedures pursuant to this section and may promulgate rules necessary to establish such procedures. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to

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disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void.

- 6. The commissioner of administration and other agencies to which the state purchasing law applies shall not contract for goods or services with a vendor if the vendor or an affiliate of the vendor makes sales at retail of tangible personal property or for the purpose of storage, use, or consumption in this state but fails to collect and properly pay the tax as provided in chapter 144, RSMo. For the purposes of this section, "affiliate of the vendor" shall mean any person or entity that is controlled by or is under common control with the vendor, whether through stock ownership or otherwise.
- 143.124. 1. Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the total amount of all annuities, pensions, or retirement allowances above the amount of six thousand dollars 3 annually provided by any law of this state, the United States, or any other state to any person except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, shall be subject to tax pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, in the same manner, to the same extent and under the same conditions as any other taxable income received by the person receiving it. For purposes of this section, annuity, pension, or retirement allowance shall be defined as an annuity, pension or retirement allowance provided by the United States, this state, any other state or any political subdivision or agency or institution of this or any other state. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, for purposes of this section, annuity, pension or retirement allowance shall be defined 10 11 to include 401(k) plans, deferred compensation plans, self-employed retirement plans, also 12 known as Keogh plans, annuities from a defined pension plan and individual retirement arrangements, also known as IRAs, as described in the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 13 Roth IRAs, as well as an annuity, pension or retirement allowance provided by the United States, 14 this state, any other state or any political subdivision or agency or institution of this or any other 16 state. An individual taxpayer shall only be allowed a maximum deduction of six thousand 17 dollars pursuant to this section. Taxpayers filing combined returns shall only be allowed a maximum deduction of six thousand dollars for each taxpayer on the combined return. 18
 - 2. For the period beginning July 1, 1989, and ending December 31, 1989, there shall be subtracted from Missouri adjusted gross income for that period, determined pursuant to section 143.121, the first three thousand dollars of retirement benefits received by each taxpayer:
 - (1) If the taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household or qualifying widow(er) and the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income is less than twelve thousand five hundred dollars; or
 - (2) If the taxpayer's filing status is married filing combined and their combined Missouri adjusted gross income is less than sixteen thousand dollars; or
 - (3) If the taxpayer's filing status is married filing separately and the taxpayer's Missouri

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adjusted gross income is less than eight thousand dollars.

- 3. For the tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1990, there shall be subtracted from Missouri adjusted gross income, determined pursuant to section 143.121, a maximum of the first six thousand dollars of retirement benefits received by each taxpayer from sources other than privately funded sources, and for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, there shall be subtracted from Missouri adjusted gross income, determined pursuant to section 143.121, a maximum of the first one thousand dollars of any retirement allowance received from any privately funded source for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, but before January 1, 1999, and a maximum of the first three thousand dollars of any retirement allowance received from any privately funded source for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, but before January 1, 2000, and a maximum of the first four thousand dollars of any retirement allowance received from any privately funded source for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2001, and a maximum of the first five thousand dollars of any retirement allowance received from any privately funded source for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, but before January 1, 2002, and a maximum of the first six thousand dollars of any retirement allowance received from any privately funded sources for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2002. A taxpayer shall be entitled to the maximum exemption provided by this subsection:
 - (1) If the taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household or qualifying widow(er) and the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income is less than twenty-five thousand dollars; or
- (2) If the taxpayer's filing status is married filing combined and their combined Missouri adjusted gross income is less than thirty-two thousand dollars; or
- (3) If the taxpayer's filing status is married filing separately and the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income is less than sixteen thousand dollars.
- 4. If a taxpayer's adjusted gross income exceeds the adjusted gross income ceiling for such taxpayer's filing status, as provided in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of subsection 3 of this section, such taxpayer shall be entitled to an exemption equal to the greater of zero or the maximum exemption provided in subsection 3 of this section reduced by one dollar for every dollar such taxpayer's income exceeds the ceiling for his or her filing status.
- 5. For purposes of this section, any Social Security benefits otherwise included in Missouri adjusted gross income shall be subtracted; but Social Security benefits shall not be subtracted for purposes of other computations pursuant to this chapter, and are not to be considered as retirement benefits for purposes of this section.
- 6. The provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 3 of this section shall apply during all tax years in which the federal Internal Revenue Code provides exemption levels for calculation of the taxability of Social Security benefits that are the same as the levels in

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- subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 3 of this section. If the exemption levels for the 65 calculation of the taxability of Social Security benefits are adjusted by applicable federal law or 66 regulation, the exemption levels in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 3 of this section shall be accordingly adjusted to the same exemption levels. 67
 - 7. The portion of a taxpayer's lump sum distribution from an annuity or other retirement plan not otherwise included in Missouri adjusted gross income as calculated pursuant to this chapter, but subject to taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 402 shall be taxed in an amount equal to ten percent of the taxpayer's federal liability on such distribution for the same tax year.
 - 8. For purposes of this section, retirement benefits received shall not include any withdrawals from qualified retirement plans which are subsequently rolled over into another retirement plan.
 - 9. The exemptions provided for in this section shall not affect the calculation of the income to be used to determine the property tax credit provided in sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo.
 - 10. The exemptions provided for in this section shall apply to any annuity, pension, or retirement allowance as defined in subsection 1 of this section to the extent that such amounts are included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise deducted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income in the calculation of Missouri taxable income. This section shall not apply to any individual who qualifies under federal guidelines to be one hundred percent disabled.
 - 143.181. 1. The Missouri nonresident adjusted gross income shall be that part of the nonresident individual's federal adjusted gross income derived from sources within Missouri, as modified in the same manner as set forth in section 143.121 with respect to resident individuals. It shall be the sum of:
- 5 (1) The net amount of items of income, gain, loss, and deduction entering into his **or her** federal adjusted gross income which are derived from or connected with sources in this state 7 including
- 8 (a) [His] The individual's distributive share of partnership income and deductions determined under section 143.421, and
- (b) [His] The individual's share of estate or trust income and deductions determined under section 143.391, and 11
- 12 (c) [His] The individual's pro rata share of S corporation income and deductions 13 determined under subsection 3 of section 143.471; and
- 14 (2) The portion of the modifications described in section 143.121 which relate to income 15 derived from sources in this state, including any modifications attributable to him or her as a

16 partner.

- 2. Items of income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or connected with sources within this state are those items attributable to:
- 19 (1) The ownership or disposition of any interest in real or tangible personal property in 20 this state; [and]
 - (2) A business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this state;
 - (3) Winnings from a wager placed in a lottery conducted by the state lottery commission, if the proceeds from such wager are required, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or regulations adopted thereunder, to be reported by the state lottery commission to the Internal Revenue Service; and
 - (4) Winnings from any other wager placed in this state or from any wagering transaction, gaming activity, or gambling activity in this state, if the proceeds from such wager, wagering transaction, gaming activity, or gambling activity are required, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or regulations adopted thereunder, to be reported by the payer to the Internal Revenue Service.
 - 3. Income from intangible personal property, including annuities, dividends, interest, and gains from the disposition of intangible personal property, shall constitute income derived from sources within this state only to the extent that such income is from:
 - (1) Property employed in a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this state;
 - (2) Winnings from a wager placed in a lottery conducted by the state lottery commission, if the proceeds from such wager are required, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or regulations adopted thereunder, to be reported by the state lottery commission to the Internal Revenue Service; and
 - (3) Winnings from any other wager placed in this state or from any wagering transaction, gaming activity, or gambling activity in this state, if the proceeds from such wager, wagering transaction, gaming activity, or gambling activity are required, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or regulations adopted thereunder, to be reported by the payer to the Internal Revenue Service.
 - 4. Deductions with respect to capital losses, net long-term capital gains, and net operation losses shall be based solely on income, gains, losses, and deductions derived from sources within this state in the same manner as the corresponding federal deductions under regulations to be prescribed by the director of revenue.
 - 5. If a business, trade, profession, or occupation is carried on partly within and partly without this state, the items of income and deduction derived from or connected with sources within this state shall be determined by apportionment and allocation under regulations to be

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- 52 prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 6. Compensation paid by the United States for service in the armed forces of the United States performed by a nonresident shall not constitute income derived from sources within this state.
 - 143.225. 1. The director of revenue, by regulation, may require an employer to timely remit the unpaid amount required to be deducted and withheld by section 143.191 at the end of any quarter-monthly period, only if the employer was required to deduct and withhold six thousand dollars or more in each of at least two months during the prior twelve months.
 - 2. The director may increase the monthly requirement to more than six thousand dollars or otherwise narrow the application of the quarter-monthly remittance system authorized by this section. The director may not require the remittance of withheld taxes more often than monthly unless authorized by this section.
 - 3. A remittance shall be timely if mailed as provided in section 143.851 within three banking days after the end of the quarter-monthly period or if received by the director or deposited in a depository designated by the director within four banking days after the end of the quarter-monthly period.
 - 4. The unpaid amount shall be after a reduction for the compensation provided by section 143.261. The unpaid amount at the end of a quarter-monthly period shall not include unpaid amounts for any prior quarter-monthly period.
 - 5. For purposes of this section, "quarter-monthly period" means:
 - (1) The first seven days of a calendar month;
 - (2) The eighth to fifteenth day of a calendar month;
 - (3) The sixteenth to twenty-second day of a calendar month; and
 - (4) The portion following the twenty-second day of a calendar month.
 - 6. (1) In the case of an underpayment of any amount required to be paid pursuant to this section, an employer shall be liable for a penalty in lieu of all other penalties, interest or additions to tax imposed by this chapter for violating this section. The penalty shall be five percent of the amount of the underpayment determined under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
 - (2) The amount of the underpayment shall be the excess of
 - (a) Ninety percent of the unpaid amount at the end of a quarter-monthly period, over
 - (b) The amount, if any, of the timely remittance for the quarter-monthly period.
- 7. (1) The penalty with respect to any quarter-monthly period shall not be imposed if the employer's timely remittance for the quarter-monthly period equals or exceeds one-fourth of the average monthly withholding tax liability of the employer for the preceding calendar year.
- 31 The month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability shall be excluded in computing
- 32 the average. This subdivision shall apply only to an employer who had a withholding tax

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- 33 liability for at least six months of the previous calendar year.
- 34 (2) The penalty shall not be imposed if the employer establishes that the failure to make 35 a timely remittance of at least ninety percent was due to reasonable cause, and not due to willful 36 neglect.
 - (3) The penalty shall not be imposed against any employer for the first two months the employer is obligated to make quarter-monthly remittance of withholding taxes.
 - 8. Tax amounts remitted under this section shall be treated as payments on the employer's monthly return required by subsection 2 of section 143.221. Tax amounts remitted under this section shall be deemed to have been paid on the last day prescribed for filing the return. The preceding sentence shall apply in computing compensation under section 143.261, interest, penalties and additions to tax and for purposes of all sections of chapter 143, except this section.
 - 9. The director of revenue may prescribe the use of an electronic funds payment system for the payment of withholding taxes by any employer subject to the requirement of quarter-monthly remittance as provided in this section.
 - 143.782. As used in sections 143.782 to 143.788, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall mean and include:
 - (1) "Court", the supreme court, court of appeals, or any circuit court of the state;
 - (2) "Debt", any sum due and legally owed to any state agency which has accrued through contract, subrogation, tort, or operation of law regardless of whether there is an outstanding judgment for that sum, **court costs as defined in section 488.010**, **RSMo**, **fines and fees owed**, or any support obligation which is being enforced by the division of family services on behalf of a person who is receiving support enforcement services pursuant to section 454.425, RSMo;
- 9 [(2)] (3) "Debtor", any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation or other legal entity owing a debt;
 - [(3)] (4) "Department", the department of revenue of the state of Missouri;
- [(4)] (5) "Refund", the Missouri income tax refund which the department determines to be due any taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. The amount of a refund shall not include any senior citizens property tax credit provided by sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo; and
- [(5)] (6) "State agency", any department, division, board, commission, office, or other agency of the state of Missouri, including public community college district.
 - 144.025. 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, in any retail sale other than retail sales governed by [subsection 3] subsections 4 and 5 of this section, where any article on which sales or use tax has been paid, credited, or otherwise satisfied or which was exempted or excluded from sales or use tax is taken in trade as a credit or part payment

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on the purchase price of the article being sold, the tax imposed by sections 144.020 and 144.440 shall be computed only on that portion of the purchase price which exceeds the actual allowance made for the article traded in or exchanged, if there is a bill of sale or other record showing the actual allowance made for the article traded in or exchanged. Where the article being traded 8 in for credit or part payment is a motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor the person 10 trading in the article must be the owner or holder of a properly assigned certificate of 11 **ownership.** Where the purchaser of a motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor receives a rebate from the seller or manufacturer, the tax imposed by sections 144.020 and 144.440 shall be computed only on that portion of the purchase price which exceeds the amount of the rebate, 13 14 if there is a bill of sale or other record showing the actual rebate given by the seller or manufacturer. Where the trade-in or exchange allowance plus any applicable rebate exceeds the 15 16 purchase price of the purchased article there shall be no sales or use tax owed. This section shall 17 also apply to motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors sold by the owner or holder of 18 the properly assigned certificate of ownership if the seller purchases or contracts to purchase a subsequent motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor within one hundred eighty days before 19 20 or after the date of the sale of the original article and a notarized bill of sale showing the paid sale 21 price is presented to the department of revenue at the time of licensing. A copy of the bill of sale shall be left with the licensing office. Where the subsequent motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or 22 23 outboard motor is titled more than one hundred eighty days after the sale of the original motor 24 vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor, the allowance pursuant to this section shall be made if 25 the person titling such article establishes that the purchase or contract to purchase was finalized prior to the expiration of the one hundred eighty-day period. 26 27

- 2. As used in this section, the term "boat" includes all motorboats and vessels, as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010, RSMo.
- 3. As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" includes motor vehicles as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, recreational vehicles as defined in section 700.010, RSMo, or a combination of a truck as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, and a trailer as defined in section 301.010, RSMo.
- 4. The provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to retail sales of manufactured homes in which the purchaser receives a document known as the "Manufacturer's Statement of Origin" for purposes of obtaining a title to the manufactured home from the department of revenue of this state or from the appropriate agency or officer of any other state.
- 5. Any purchaser of a motor vehicle or trailer used for agricultural use by the purchaser shall be allowed to use as an allowance to offset the sales and use tax liability towards the purchase of the motor vehicle or trailer any grain or livestock produced or raised by the purchaser. The director of revenue may prescribe forms for compliance with

41 this subsection.

- 144.081. 1. The director of revenue, by regulation, may require a seller to timely remit the unpaid state sales tax for each quarter-monthly period, only if the seller's aggregate state sales tax was ten thousand dollars or more in each of at least six months during the prior twelve months. The term "state sales tax" as used in this section means the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.510 and the additional sales tax imposed by sections 43(a) to 43(c) and 47(a) to 47(c) of article IV of the Missouri Constitution and does not include any sales taxes imposed by political subdivisions of the state pursuant to other provisions of law.
 - 2. The director may increase the monthly requirement to more than ten thousand dollars or otherwise narrow the application of the quarter-monthly remittance system authorized by this section. The director may not require the remittance of state sales taxes more often than monthly unless authorized by this section.
 - 3. A remittance shall be timely if mailed as provided in section 143.851, RSMo, within three banking days after the end of the quarter-monthly period or if received by the director or deposited in a depository designated by the director within four banking days after the end of the quarter-monthly period.
 - 4. The unpaid amount shall be after a reduction for the compensation provided by section 144.140. The unpaid amount at the end of a quarter-monthly period shall not include unpaid amounts for a prior quarter-monthly period only if the seller made a remittance with respect to the prior quarter-monthly period. The excess, if any, of a remittance over the actual amount for a period shall be applied in order of time to each of the seller's succeeding remittances with respect to the same return period.
 - 5. For purposes of this section, "quarter-monthly period" means:
 - (1) The first seven days of a calendar month;
 - (2) The eighth to fifteenth day of a calendar month;
 - (3) The sixteenth to twenty-second day of a calendar month; and
 - (4) The portion following the twenty-second of a calendar month.
 - 6. (1) In the case of an underpayment of any amount required to be paid pursuant to this section, a seller shall be liable for a penalty in lieu of all other penalties, interest or additions to tax imposed by this chapter for violating this section. The penalty shall be five percent of the amount of the underpayment determined under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
 - (2) The amount of the underpayment shall be the excess of:
 - (a) Ninety percent of the unpaid amount at the end of a quarter-monthly period, over
 - (b) The amount, if any, of the timely remittance for the quarter-monthly period.
 - 7. (1) The penalty with respect to any quarter-monthly period shall not be imposed if the seller's timely remittance for the quarter-monthly period equals or exceeds one-fourth of the

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average monthly state sales tax liability of the seller for the preceding calendar year. The month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability shall be excluded in computing the average. 37 38

This subdivision shall apply only to a seller who had a state sales tax liability for at least six months of the previous calendar year.

- (2) The penalty shall not be imposed if the seller establishes that the failure to make a timely remittance of at least ninety percent was due to reasonable cause, and not due to willful neglect.
- (3) The penalty shall not be imposed against any seller for the first two months the seller is obligated to make quarter-monthly remittance of state sales taxes.
- 8. Tax amounts remitted under this section shall be treated as payments on the seller's monthly return required by sections 144.080 and 144.090. Tax amounts remitted under this section shall be deemed to have been paid on the last day prescribed for filing the return. The preceding sentence shall apply in computing compensation under section 144.140, interest, penalties and additions to tax and for purposes of all sections of this chapter, except this section.
- 9. The director of revenue may prescribe the use of an electronic funds payment system for the payment of sales and use taxes by any seller subject to the requirement of quarter-monthly remittance as provided in this section.
- 488.5028. 1. If a person fails to pay court costs, fines, fees, or other sums ordered by a court to be paid to the state or political subdivision, a court may report any such delinquencies in excess of twenty-five dollars to the office of state courts administrator and 4 request that the state courts administrator seek a setoff of an income tax refund. The state courts administrator shall set guidelines necessary to effectuate the purpose of the offset program.
 - 2. The office of state courts administrator shall provide the department of revenue with the information necessary to identify each debtor whose refund is sought to be setoff and the amount of the debt or debts owed by each such debtor who is entitled to a tax refund in excess of twenty-five dollars.
 - 3. The department of revenue shall notify the office of state courts administrator that a refund has been setoff on behalf of a court and shall certify the amount of such setoff, which shall not exceed the amount of the claimed debt certified. When the refund owed exceeds the claimed debt, the department of revenue shall send the excess amount to the debtor within a reasonable time after such excess is determined.
 - 4. The office of state courts administrator shall notify the debtor by mail that a setoff has been sought. The notice shall contain the following:
 - (1) The name of the debtor;
 - (2) The manner in which the debt arose;

- 20 (3) The amount of the claimed debt and the department's intention to setoff the refund against the debt;
- 22 (4) The amount, if any, of the refund due after setoff of the refund against the debt; 23 and
 - (5) The right of the debtor to apply in writing to the court originally requesting setoff for review of the setoff because the debt was previously satisfied.

Any debtor applying to the court for review of the setoff shall file a written application within thirty days of the date of mailing of the notice and send a copy of the application to the office of state courts administrator. The application for review of the setoff shall contain the name of the debtor, the case name and number from which the debt arose, and the grounds for review. The court may upon application, or on its own motion, hold a hearing on the application. The hearing shall be ancillary to the original action with the only matters for determination whether the refund setoff was appropriate because the debt was unsatisfied at the time the court reported the delinquency to the office of state courts administrator and that the debt remains unsatisfied. In the case of a joint or combined return, the notice sent by the department shall contain the name of the nonobligated taxpayer named in the return, if any, against whom no debt is claimed. The notice shall state that as to the nonobligated taxpayer that no debt is owed and that the taxpayer is entitled to a refund regardless of the debt owed by such other person or persons named on the joint or combined return. The nonobligated taxpayer may seek a refund as provided in section 143.784, RSMo.

5. Upon receipt of funds transferred from the department of revenue to the office of state courts administrator pursuant to a refund setoff, the state courts administrator shall deposit such funds in the state treasury to be held in an escrow account, which is hereby established. Interest earned on those funds shall be credited to the escrow account and used to offset administrative expenses. If a debtor files with a court an application for review, the state courts administrator shall hold such sums in question until directed by such court to release the funds. If no application for review is filed, the state courts administrator shall, within forty-five days of receipt of funds from the department, send to the clerk of the court in which the debt arose such sums as are collected by the department of revenue for credit to the debtor's account.

Section 1. No local government or municipality shall have the power to issue or renew a business license or permit without verification from the department of revenue that all state tax returns have been filed by, and all state taxes including any interest and penalties on such taxes paid by, the business entity or applicant.

- Section 2. 1. As a condition of continued employment with the state of Missouri, all persons employed full-time, part-time, or on a temporary or contracted basis by the executive, legislative, or judicial branch shall file all state income tax returns and pay all state income taxes owed.
- 2. Each chief administrative officer or their designee of each division of each branch of state government shall at least one time each year check the status of every employee within the division against a database developed by the director of revenue to determine if all state income tax returns have been filed and all state income taxes owed have been paid. The officer or designee shall notify any employee if the database shows any state income tax return has not been filed or taxes are owed under that employee's name or taxpayer number. Upon notification, the employee will have thirty days to satisfy the liability or provide the officer or designee with a copy of a payment plan approved by the director of revenue. Failure to satisfy the liability or provide a copy of the payment plan within the thirty days will result in immediate dismissal of the employee from employment by the state.
- 3. The chief administrative officer of each division of the general assembly or their designee shall at least one time each year check the status of every member of the general assembly against a database developed by the director of revenue to determine if all state income tax returns have been filed and all state income taxes owed have been paid. The officer or designee shall notify any member of the general assembly if the database shows any state income tax return has not been filed or taxes are owed under that member's name or taxpayer number. Upon notification, the member will have thirty days to satisfy the liability or provide the officer or designee with a copy of a payment plan approved by the director of revenue. Failure to satisfy the liability or provide a copy of the payment plan within the thirty days will result in the member's name being submitted to the appropriate ethics committee for disciplinary action deemed appropriate by the committee.
- 4. The chief administrative officer of each division of the judicial branch or their designee shall at least one time each year check the status of every elected or appointed member of the judicial branch against a database developed by the director of revenue to determine if all state income tax returns have been filed and all state income taxes owed have been paid. The officer or designee shall notify any member if the database shows any state income tax return has not been filed or taxes are owed under that member's name or taxpayer number. Upon notification, the member will have thirty days to satisfy the liability or provide the officer or designee with a copy of a payment plan approved by the director of revenue. Failure to satisfy the liability or provide a copy of the payment plan within the thirty days will result in the member's name being submitted to the appropriate

- 37 ethics body for disciplinary action deemed appropriate by that body.
- 5. The director of revenue shall at least one time each year check the status of every
- 39 statewide elected official against a database developed by the director to determine if all
- 40 state income tax returns have been filed and all state income taxes owed have been paid.
- 41 The director shall notify any elected official if the database shows any state income tax
- 42 return has not been filed or taxes are owed under that official's name or taxpayer number.
- 43 Upon notification, the official will have thirty days to satisfy the liability or agree to a
- 44 payment plan approved by the director of revenue. Failure to satisfy the liability or agree
- 45 to the payment plan within the thirty days will result in the official's name being submitted
- 46 to the state ethics commission.
 - Section 3. No person shall receive or renew a professional license or permit
 - 2 pursuant to chapters 324 to 346, RSMo, without verification from the department of
 - 3 revenue that state income tax returns have been filed by, and all state income taxes
 - 4 including any interest and penalties on such taxes paid by, such person.
 - Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to fund critical services of state
 - 2 government, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the
 - 3 public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within
 - 4 the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon
- 5 its passage and approval or on July 1, 2003, whichever later occurs.